

Geography

Progression of knowledge, skills and understanding: Key Stage 1

Skills	Class 1	Class 2
Location TO START EACH GEOG UNIT	Name and locate the world's seven continents Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country (DIFFERENT COUNTRIES – see topics)	Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans Name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country (DIFFERENT COUNTRIES- see topics)

North America, South America, world, <mark>map, country</mark> , city, United Kingdom, England, Northern Ireland, Scotland, Wales, London, Cardiff, Edinburgh, Belfast, capital city, similar, different, area, Europe	VOCAB: continent, Asia, Africa, Antarctica, Oceania, Europe, North America, South America, ocean, Atlantic, Pacific, Indian, Arctic, Southern Ocean world, map, country, city, United Kingdom, England, Northern Ireland, Scotland, Wales, London, Cardiff, Edinburgh, Belfast, capital city, similar, different, area, Europe
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Human geography	Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key human features, including: city, town, village, farm, house and shop	Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop
	VOCAB: city, town, village, farm, house and shop	VOCAB: city, town, <mark>village</mark> , factory, farm, house, office, <mark>port, harbour</mark> and shop
Physical geography	Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot of the world in relation to the Equator Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key physical features, including: beach, forest, hill, mountain, sea, river, soil, season and weather	Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles Use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to: key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather
	VOCAB: Equator, weather, patterns, seasons, spring, summer, autumn, winter, climate, rain, sun, snow, beach, forest, hill, mountain, sea, river, soil, season and weather, environment	VOCAB: Equator, weather, patterns, seasons, spring, summer, autumn, winter, climate, rain, sun, snow, fog, North Pole, South Pole, beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, environment
Direction	Use simple compass directions (North and South) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map	Use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far; left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map

	VOCAB: north, south, compass, <mark>direction</mark> , near, far, <mark>left, right</mark> , route, map	VOCAB: east, west, north, south, compass, direction, near, far, left, right, route, map
Fieldwork	Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and its key human and physical features	Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment
	VOCAB: none	VOCAB: none
Maps work	Use world maps identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries and continents studied at this key stage	Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage
	Use aerial photographs to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map	Use aerial photographs and plan perspective to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map and use and construct basic symbols in a key
	VOCAB: map, country, continent, photograph, aerial, landmark	VOCAB: map, atlas, globe, ocean country, continent, photograph, aerial, landmark, symbol, key

Topics (context)	The Seaside – non-EU country - Australia	
	Around the world – The Americas	
	Local Area – near and far - non-EU country - Kenya	