

Religious Education

Progression of knowledge, skills and understanding

Skills	EYFS	Skills	KS1 Year A	Skills	KS1 Year B
Unit F4: Being special: where do we belong? Aut 1	Retell religious stories making connections with personal experiences. Share and record occasions when things have happened in their lives that made them feel special. Recall simply what happens at a traditional Christian infant baptism and dedication. Recall simply what happens when a baby is welcomed into a religion other than Christianity.	Unit 1.10 What does it mean to belong to a faith community ? Aut 1	Recognise that loving others is important in many communities. Say simply what Jesus and one other religious leader taught about loving other people. Describe what happens at a traditional Christian and Jewish or Muslim welcome ceremony and suggest what the actions and symbols mean. Identify at least two ways people show they love each other and belong to each other when they get married (Christian and/or Jewish and non-religious). Give examples of ways in which people express their identity and belonging within faith communities and other communities, responding sensitively to differences. Discuss what they think is good about being in a community, for people in faith communities and for themselves, giving a good reason for their ideas.	Unit 1.6 Who is Muslim and how do they live? Aut 1	Recognise the words of the Shahadah and that it is very important for Muslims. Identify some of the key Muslim beliefs about God found in the Shahadah and the 99 names of Allah. Give a simple description of what some of them mean. Give examples of how stories about the prophet show what Muslims believe about Muhammad. Give examples of how Muslims use the Shahadah to show what matters to them.



	Vocab: Special, unique, <mark>infant</mark> baptism, dedication, candle, <mark>church, Christian</mark> .		Vocab: Belonging, <mark>Christians</mark> , baptism, <mark>christening</mark> , Jews, Muslims, wedding, rings, gift, promises, comm	Vocab: Muslims, Allah <mark>,</mark> Shahadah, prayer, 99 names for Allah, Qur'an, <mark>Muhammad</mark> , messenger, Islam, Five Pillars, beliefs.	
Unit F2: Why is Christmas special for Christians? Aut 2	 Talk about people who are special to them. Say what makes their family and friends special to them. Recall simply what happens at a traditional Christian festival (Christmas). Begin to recognise the word 'incarnation' as describing the belief that God came to Earth as Jesus. Retell religious stories, making connections with personal experiences. 	Unit 1.1 What do Christians believe God is like? Aut 2	Identify what a parable is. Tell the story of the Lost Son from the Bible simply and recognise a link with the Christian idea of God as a forgiving Father. Give clear, simple accounts of what the story means to Christians. Give at least two examples of a way in which Christians show their belief in God as loving and forgiving e.g by saying sorry, by seeing God as welcoming them back; by forgiving others. Give an example of how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship e.g by saying sorry to God. Discuss whether they can learn anything from the story for themselves, exploring different ideas. Give a reason for the ideas they have and the connections they make.	Unit 1.3 Why does Christma s matter to Christian s? Aut 2	Recognise that stories of Jesus' life come from the Gospels. Give a clear, simple account of the story of Jesus' birth and why Jesus is important for Christians. Give examples of ways in which Christians use the story of the Nativity to guide their beliefs and actions at Christmas. Think, talk and ask questions about Christmas for people who are Christians and for people who are not. Reflect on what they are personally thankful for, giving a reason for their ideas.



Unit F1: Talk about things they find interesting, Unit 1.7 Recognise the words of the Shema as a Jewish prayer. Unit 1.6 Give examples of how Muslims use stories about the puzzling or wonderful and also about their Prophet to guide their beliefs and actions e.g care for Why is the Who is Part 2 Retell simply some stories used in Jewish celebrations own experiences and feelings about the creation, fast in Ramadan. word 'God' so Jewish and e.g Chanukah. world. Who is important to how do Retell stories, talking about what they say Give examples of how Muslims put their beliefs about Muslim Give examples of the how the stories used in Christians? about the world, God, human beings. they live? prayer into action. and how celebrations e.g Shabbat, Chanukah remind Jews about Think about the wonders of the natural Spr 1 Spr 1 do they world, expressing ideas and feelings. Say what God is like. Think, talk and ask questions about Muslim beliefs and how and when Christians like to thank live? ways of living. Give examples of how Jewish people celebrate special their Creator. Spr 1 times e.g Shabbat, Sukkot, Chanukah. Talk about what people do to mess up the Talk about that they think is good for Muslims about world and what they do to look after it. prayer, respect, celebration and self-control, giving a good reason for their ideas. Give a good reason for their ideas about whether prayer, respect, celebration and self-control have something to say to them too. **Vocab:** World, God, human beings, **Vocab:** Jews, Jewish, Shema, prayer, mezuzah, God, festivals Vocab: Muslims, Allah, Islam, Prophet Muhammad, fasting, Creator, Christians. e.g Chanukah and Sukkot, Shabbat. beliefs, Qur'an, Five Pillars, worship, Shahadah, prayer.



Unit F3: Why is Easter special to Christians? Spr 2	Recognise and retell stories connected with celebration of Easter. Say why Easter is a special time for Christians. Talk about ideas of new life in nature. Recognise some symbols Christians use during Holy Week, e.g palm leaves, cross, eggs etc and make connections with signs of new life in nature. Talk about some ways Christians remember these stories at Easter.	Unit 1.7 Who is Jewish and how do they live? Spr 2	 Make links between Jewish ideas of God found in the stories and how people live. Give an example of how some Jewish people might remember God in different ways e.g mezuzah, on Shabbat. Discuss what is good about reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering for Jewish people, giving a good reason for their ideas. Give a good reason for their ideas about whether reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering have something to say to them too. 	Unit 1.5 Why does Easter matter to Christian s? Spr 2	Recognise that Incarnation and Salvation are part of a 'big story' of the Bible. Tell stories of Holy Week and Easter from the Bible and recognise a link with the idea of Salvation (Jesus rescuing people) Recognise that Jesus gives instructions about how to behave. Give at least three examples of how Christians show their beliefs about Jesus' death and resurrection in church worship at Easter. Think, talk and ask questions about whether the Easter story has something to say to Christians, or if it has anything to say to pupils about sadness, hope or heaven, exploring different ideas and giving a good reason for their ideas.	
			ocab: Jews, <mark>Jewish</mark> , Shema, mezuzah, <mark>Torah</mark> , Shabbat, Sukkot, nanukah, menorah, chanukiah.		Vocab: Christians, Palm Sunday, Holy Week, Bible story, Easter, Good Friday, Easter Sunday, salvation, resurrection, heaven.	

Unit F5: What places are special and why? Sum 1	 A shout somewhere that is special to themselves, saying why. Recognise that some religious people have places which have special meaning for them. Talk about the things that are special and valued in a place of worship. Begin to recognise that for Christians, Muslims or Jews, these special things link to beliefs about God. Know and use appropriate words to talk about their thoughts and feelings when visiting a church. Express a personal response to the natural world. 	Unit 1.2 Who do Christians say made the world? Sum 1	Retelf the story of creation from Genesis 1.1-2.5 smptr. Recognise the 'Creation' is the beginning of the 'big story' of the Bible. Say what the story tells Christians about God, Creation and the world. Give at least one example of what Christians do to say 'thank you' to God for Creation. Think, talk and ask questions about living in an amazing world. Give a reason for the ideas they have and the connections they make between the Jewish/Christian Creation story and the world they live in.	Unit 1.4 What is the 'good news' Christian s believe Jesus brings? Sum 1	 Tell stories from the Bible and recognise a link with the concept of 'Gospel' or 'good news'. Give clear, simple accounts of what Bible texts e.g Matthew the tax collector mean to Christians. Recognise that Jesus gives instructions to people about how to behave. Give at least two examples of ways in which Christians follow the teachings studied about forgiveness and peace, and bringing good news to the friendless. Give at least two examples of how Christians put these beliefs into practice in the Church community and their own lives e.g charity, confession. Think, talk and ask questions about whether Jesus' 'good news' is only good news for Christians, or if there are things for anyone to learn abut how to live, giving a good reason for their ideas.
	Vocab: Special, <mark>church, mosque</mark> , place Vocab: Cl of worship, belief, <mark>God</mark> , Christian, Muslim.		eator, <mark>creation</mark> , big story of the Bible, <mark>Christians</mark> , God.	Vocab: Bible, Gospel, Christians, <mark>forgiveness</mark> , peace, <mark>beliefs</mark> , church, community.	
Unit F6: What times/stories	Talk about some religious stories. Recognise some religious words, e.g about God.	Unit 1.9	Identify a story or text that says something about each person being unique and valuable. Give an example of a key belief some people find in one of these stories e.g that God loves all people.	Unit 1.8 What makes	Recognise that there are special places where people go to worship. Talk about what people do there.



		How should we			
are special and why? Sum 2	Identify some of their own feelings in the stories they hear. Identify a sacred text e.g Bible, Torah. Talk about some of the things these stories teach believers e.g what Jesus teaches about being friends with the friendless in the story of Zacchaeus; what Jesus' story about the ten lepers teaches about saying 'thank you', and why it is good to thank and be thanked; what the Chanukah story teaches Jews about standing up for what is right, etc.	care for the world and for others, and why does it matter? (C, J, NR) Sum 2	Give a clear, simple account of what Genesis 1 tells Christians and Jews about the natural world. Give an example of how people show that they care for others e.g by giving to charity, making a link to one of the stories. Give examples of how Christians and Jews can show care for the natural earth. Say why Christians and Jews might look after the natural world. Think, talk and ask questions about what difference believing in God makes to how people treat each other and the natural world. Give good reasons why everyone (religious and nonreligious) should care for others and look after the natural world.	some places sacred to believers ? (C,M) Sum 2	Identify at least three objects used in worship in two religions and give a simple account of how they are used and something about what they mean. Identify a belief about worship and a belief about God, connecting these beliefs simply to a place of worship. Give examples of stories, objects, symbols and actions used in churches, mosques and/or synagogues which show what people believe. Give simple examples of how people worship at a church, mosque or synagogue. Talk about why some people like to belong to a sacred building or a community. Think, talk and ask good questions about what happens in a church, synagogue or mosque, saying what they think about these questions, giving good reasons for their ideas. Talk about what makes some places special to people and what the difference is between religious and nonreligious special places.

